

Section 7.5***Strategy for Integration***

1.

Integration techniques:

- a) Substitution
- b) Parts
- c) Trig. Integrals
- d) Trig. Subs
- e) Partial Fraction
- f) Others.

Ex: Integrate the following:

a) $\int \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3x+1}} dx$

b) $\int e^{\sqrt[4]{x}} dx$

c) $\int \frac{\sin(3x)}{\cos^2(3x)+4\cos(3x)-21} dx$

d) $\int \frac{2x-3}{[4x^2+4x-15]^{3/2}} dx$

$$\text{e)} \quad \int \frac{dx}{1 - \cos x}$$

$$\text{f)} \quad \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x} + 4\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$\text{g)} \quad \int \sin^{-1}(5x) dx$$

$$\text{h)} \quad \int \frac{2x^3 - 2x^2 - 25x - 31}{x^2 - x - 12} dx$$

$$\text{i)} \quad \int \ln(4x+5) dx$$

$$\text{j)} \quad \int (7x^3 - 5x + 3) \sin(2x) dx$$

$$\text{k)} \quad \int \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} dx$$

$$\text{l)} \quad \int x^8 \sqrt[4]{2x^3 + 1} dx$$